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M.A./M.Sc. (Third Semester)

Examination, 2022 MATHEMATICS

Third Paper

(Partial Differential Equations and Integral Equations)

Time: 1:30 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note: Attempt questions of Section-A and Section-B as directed. The answer to short questions should not exceed 150 words and the answer to long questions should not exceed 350 words each.

Section-A

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any **five** questions. $10 \times 5 = 50$

 Find the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary functions f and g from

$$y = f(x-at) + g(x+at)$$
.

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- II. Find the Complete integral of the partial differential equation p²+q²=m², where m is constant and symbols have in their usual meaning. Does the singular solution exist of p²+q²=m².
- III. Find f(y) such that the total differential equation $\frac{(yz+z)}{x} dx zdy + f(y) dz = 0$ is integrable.
- IV. Classify the partial differential equation $\frac{\partial^2 Z}{\partial x^2} + x \frac{\partial^2 Z}{\partial y^2} = 10.$
- V. Solve the partial differential equation $(D^4-2D^3D'+2DD'^3-D'^4)z=0.$
- VI. Prove that Volterra integral equation is special case of Fredholm integral equation.
- VII. Classify the integral equation $u(x) = x \frac{x^3}{6} + \int_0^x (x t) u(t) dt$ Prove that u''(x) = -x + u(x).

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VIII. Find the solution of integral equation

$$g(x) = x + \int_0^1 xt^2 g(t) dt$$
.

Section-B

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any **two** questions. $25 \times 2 = 50$

 Find the equation of integral surface of the differential equation

$$2y(z-3) p + (2x-z)q = y (2x-3)$$
,
which pass through the circle
 $z=0$, $x^2+y^2=2x$.

Reduce the partial differential equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

in to Canonical form.

- Obtain the general solution of partial differential equation https://www.mgkvponline.com
 (D²-3DD' + 2D'²)z = ex+y + cos (x+2y)
- Find the solution of Laplace equation in Cylindrical Co-ordinates.

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 Find the solution of homogeneous Fredholm integral equation of second kind with separable kernal

Also, find the resolvent kernel of Volterra integral equation with k(x,t) = 1.

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